



MINERVA

PCIe x8 Gen 4 with ReDriver to MCIO 74P AIC

Performance & Burn In Test Rev 1.0

PS: The test is used MCIO 74P to SFF-8654 4i, 50cm Y-cable

Table of Contents

1. Overview

2. Performance Measurement Tools and Results
 - 2.1 Test Platform
 - 2.2 Test target and M.2 NVMe SSD x2
 - 2.3 Install Hardware
 - 2.4 BIOS & Windows 10 OS environment setup
 - 2.5 CrystalDiskMark 8.0.0 x64 performance test
 - 2.6 AS SSD Benchmark 4.0 performance test
 - 2.7 ATTO Disk Benchamrk 4.01 performance test
 - 2.8 AnvilBenchmark_V110_B337 Benchmark performance test

3. Burn In Tests and Results
 - 3.1 BurnInTestv10.2 Pro burn in test

4. Summary

PCIe x8 Gen 4 with ReDriver to SFF-TA-1016 74P

1. Overview

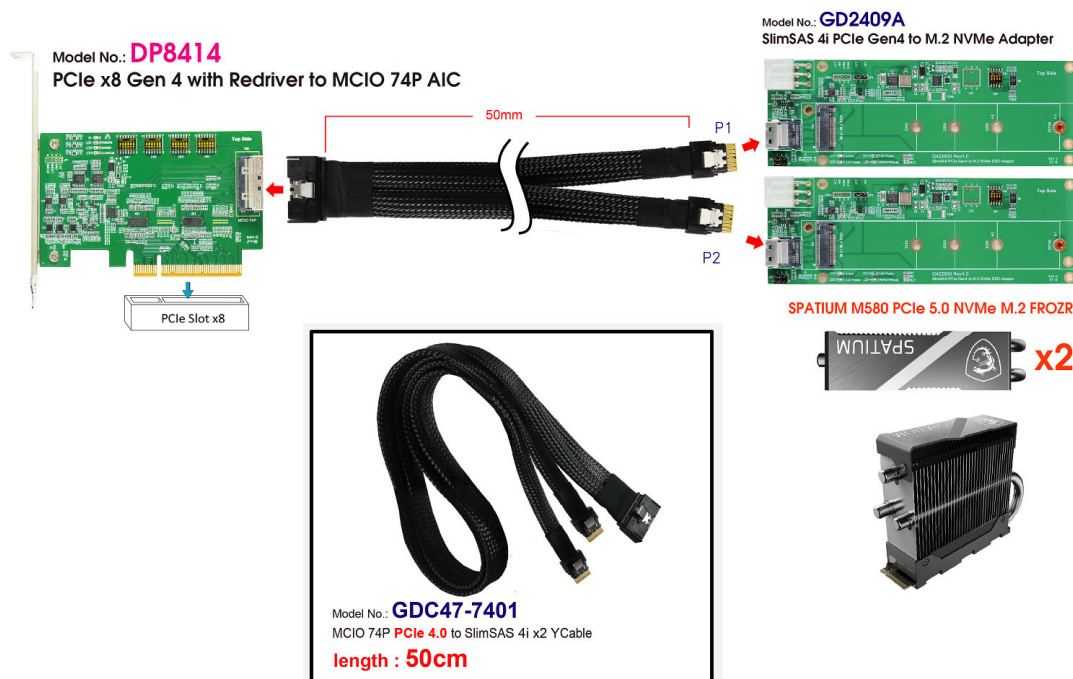
This riser card is built-in ReDriver controller with MCIO 74P connector. It is designed for use by PCIe x8 to configure two x4 bifurcations or can extend PCIe x8 channel reach. The ReDriver may support CTLE boosts up to **13 dB at 8 GHz**.

2. Tools and Results of Performance Measurement

2.1 Test Platform

M/B : **ASUS PRIME X570-PRO**
CPU : **AMD Ryzen 7, 3700X 8-Core**
Memory : **Kingston KVR26N19D8/16, DDR4-2666MHz, 32GB**(16GB DIMM*2)
ATX Power : **COOLER MASTER G750M, 750W ATX**, 12V V2.2 Power Supply
Add in Card: **DP8414 PCIe x8 Gen 4 to MCIO 74P AIC**
Cable: **PCIe 4.0 MCIO 74P to SlimSAS(SFF-8654) 4i x2, 50cm** Y-Cable
Adapter: **GD2409A SlimSAS(SFF-8654) 4i PCIe 4.0 to M.2 adapter** x2
OS : **Microsoft Windows 10 64bit OS**

2.2 Test target: DP8414, GD2409A adapter x2 with GIGABYTE M.2 1TB SSD X2



PCIe x8 Gen 4 with ReDriver to SFF-TA-1016 74P

2.3 Install Hardware

First inserts the M.2 SSD into the GD2409A M.2 connector, then with copper nuts, and screws to fix SSDs. (Please refer to the Installation Notes). Using the **GDC47-7401 Cable** to connect the GD2409A adapter to the DP8414 AIC card (PCIe x8 Gen 4 to MCIO 74P) and Plugs DP8414 AIC into **ASUS PRIME X570-PRO**.

2.4 BIOS & Windows 10 OS environment setup

2.4.1 Primary SATA NVMe SSD install Windows 10 OS.

2.4.2 Two M.2 NVMe SSDs, formatted to NTFS Mode. Don't install any program.



PCIe x8 Gen 4 with ReDriver to SFF-TA-1016 74P

2.5 CrystalDiskMark 8.0.0 x64 performance test

※Benchmark (Sequential Read & Write / default = 1MB)

2.5.1 **M.2 NVMe Gigabyte / 1TB** in Drive D: performance as below:

	Read (MB/s)	Write (MB/s)
SEQ1M Q8T1	7144.02	4762.06
SEQ1M Q1T1	3616.88	4824.94
RND4K Q32T1	623.95	380.95
RND4K Q1T1	70.89	246.26

2.5.2 **M.2 NVMe Gigabyte / 1TB** in Drive E: performance as below:

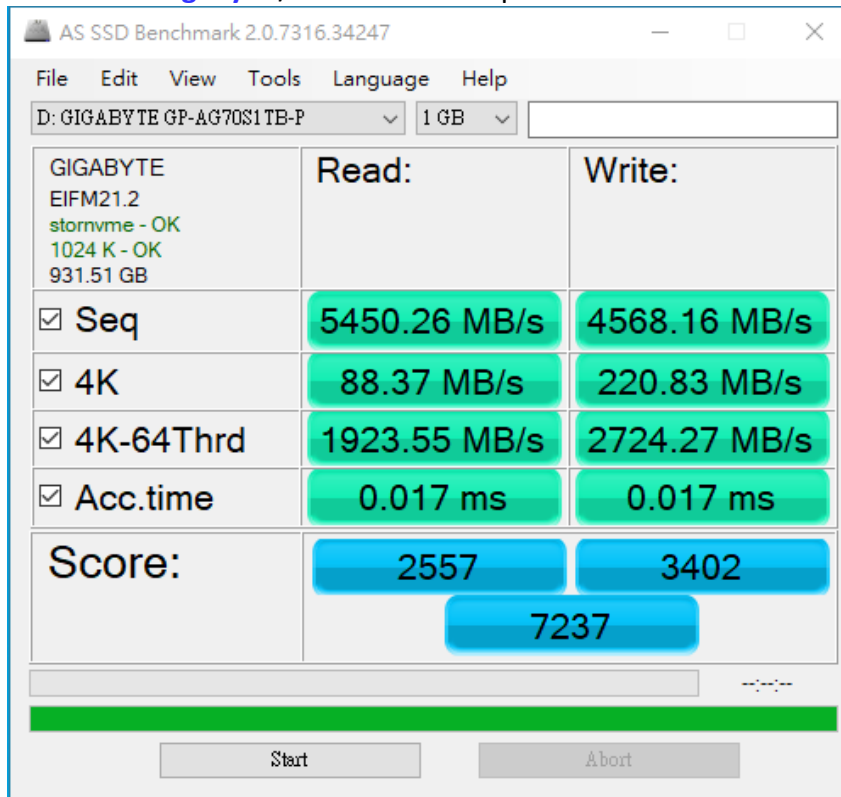
	Read (MB/s)	Write (MB/s)
SEQ1M Q8T1	7143.65	4854.22
SEQ1M Q1T1	3615.68	4860.92
RND4K Q32T1	622.97	381.22
RND4K Q1T1	70.85	247.16

PCIe x8 Gen 4 with ReDriver to SFF-TA-1016 74P

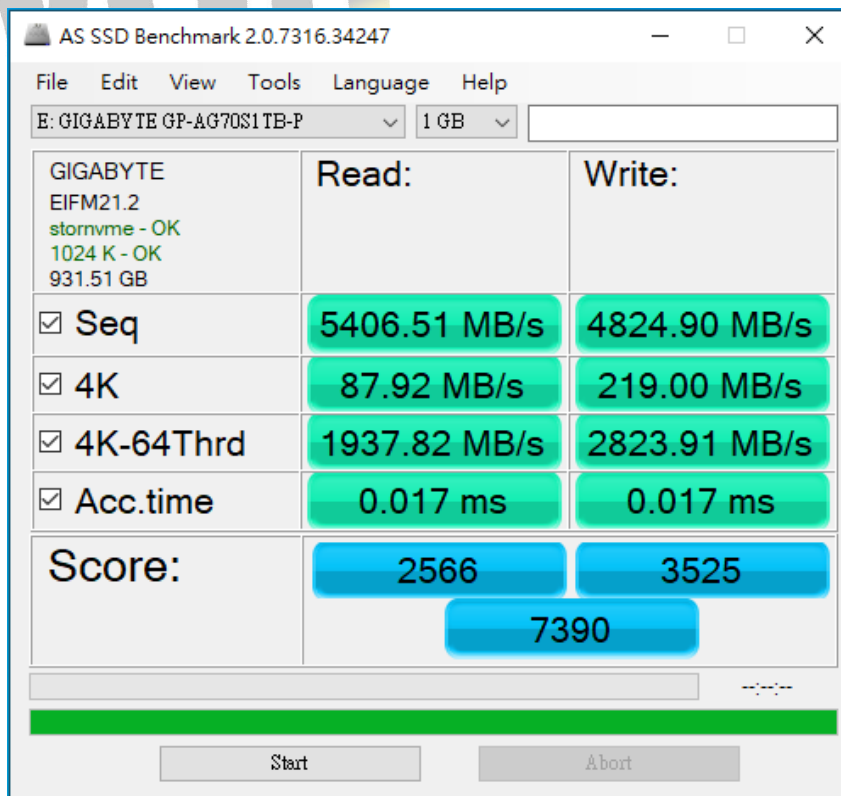
2.6 AS SSD Benchmark 2.0 performance test

✂ Benchmark (Read & Write by MB/s, default block size = 16MB)

2.6.1 **M.2 NVMe Gigabyte / 1TB** in Drive D: performance as below:



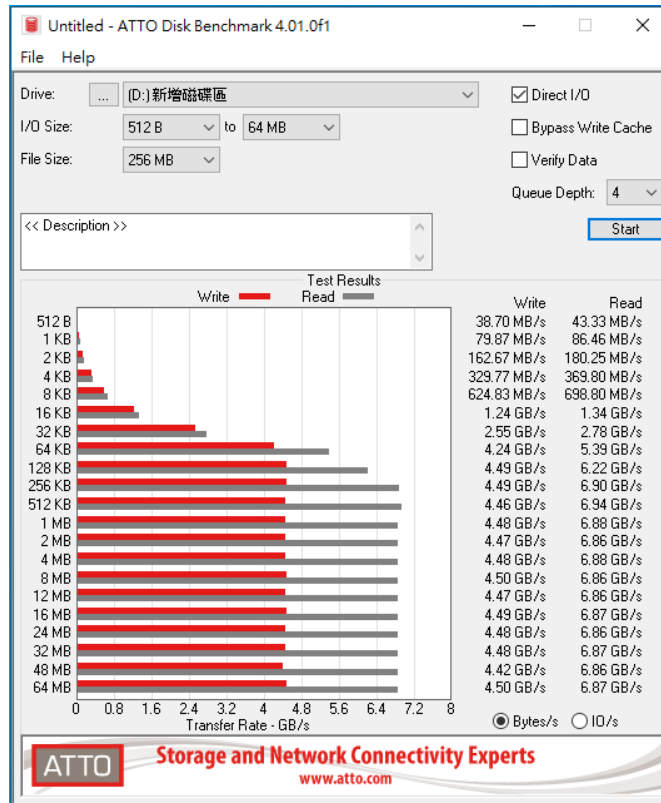
2.6.2 **M.2 NVMe Gigabyte / 1TB** in Drive E: performance as below:



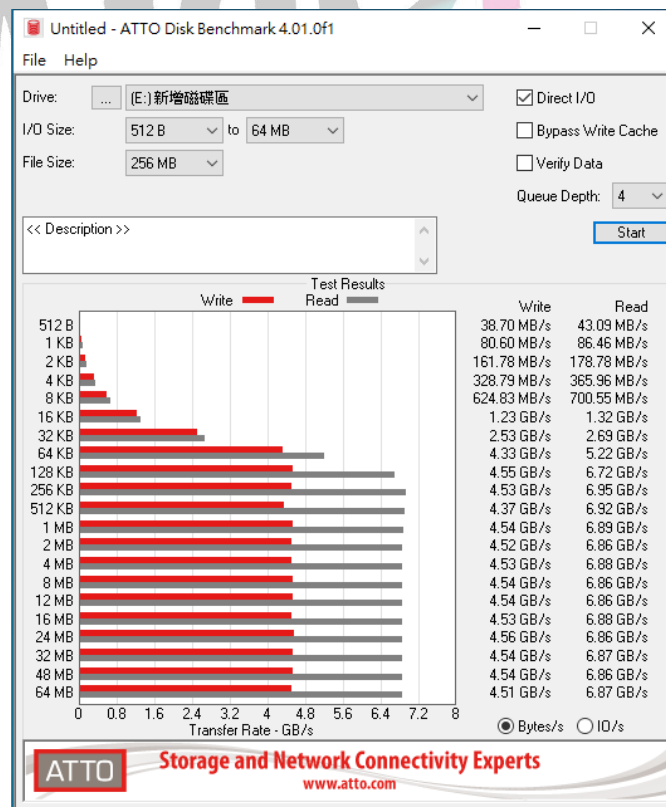
PCIe x8 Gen 4 with ReDriver to SFF-TA-1016 74P

2.7 ATTO Disk Benchmark 4.01 performance test

2.7.1 M.2 NVMe Gigabyte / 1TB in Drive D: performance as below:



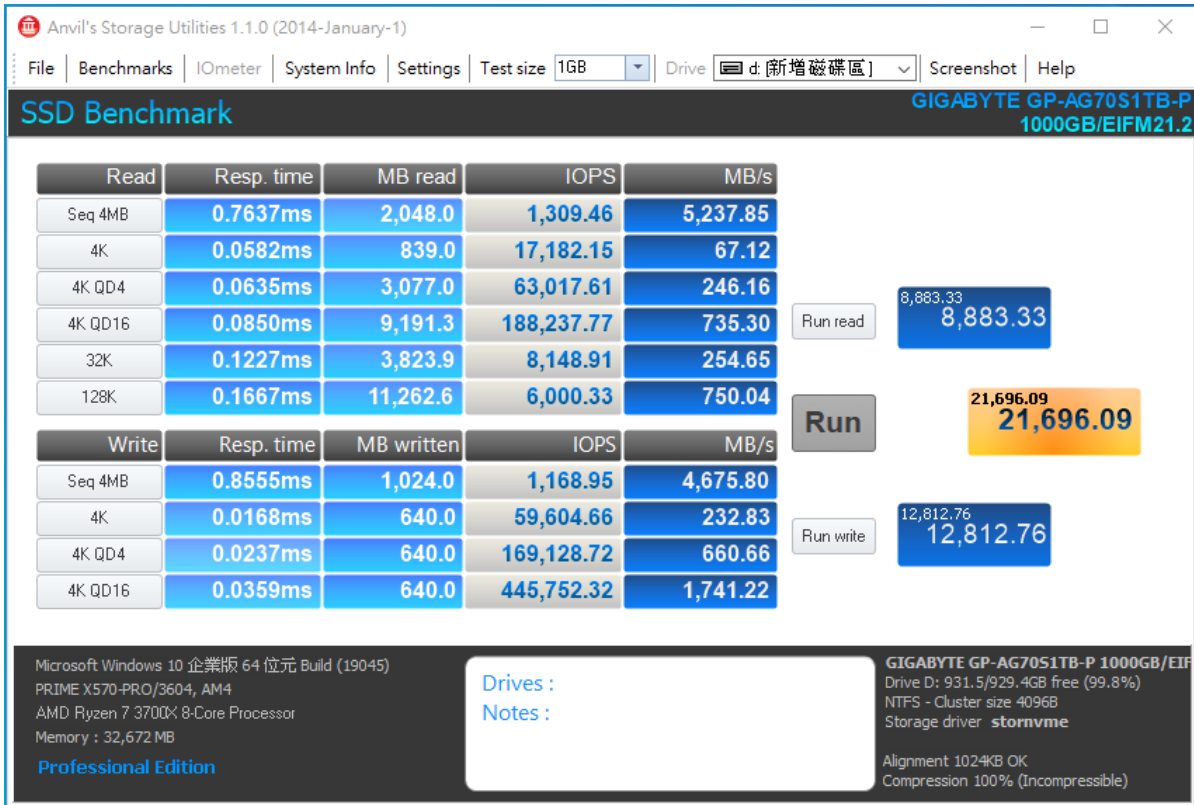
2.7.2 M.2 NVMe Gigabyte / 1TB in Drive E: performance as below:



PCIe x8 Gen 4 with ReDriver to SFF-TA-1016 74P

2.8 AnvilBenchmark_V110_B337

2.8.1 M.2 NVMe Gigabyte / 1TB in Drive D: performance as below:



2.8.2 M.2 NVMe Gigabyte / 1TB in Drive E: performance as below:

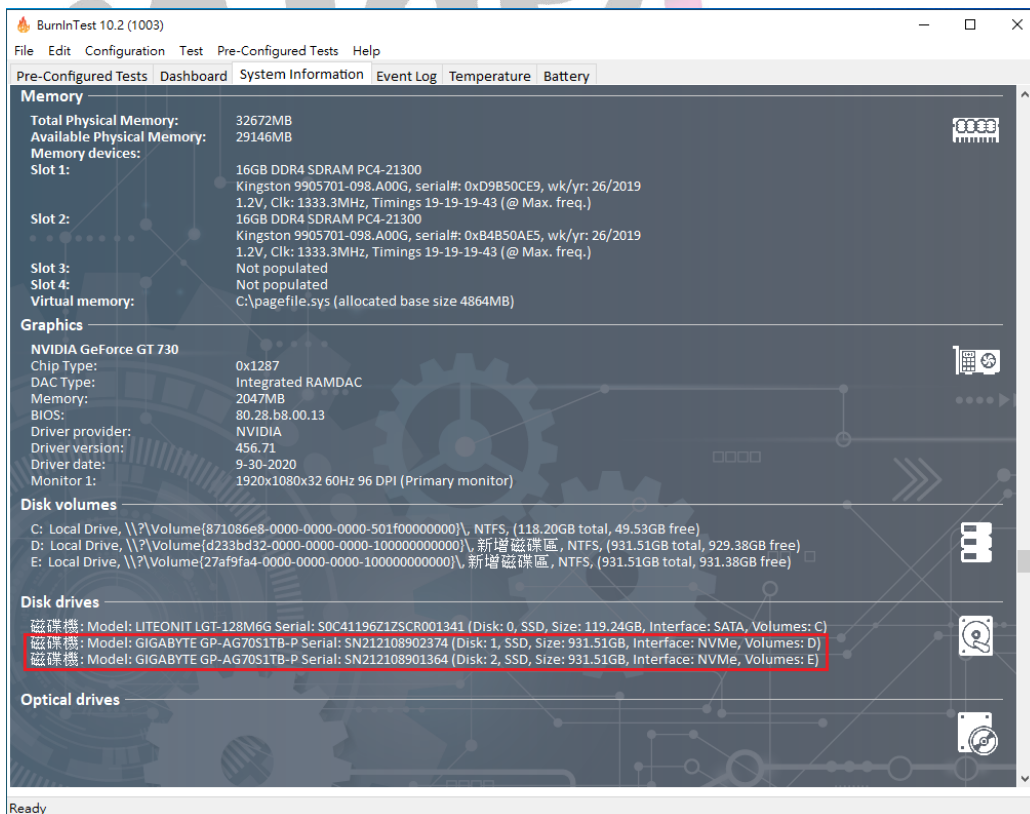
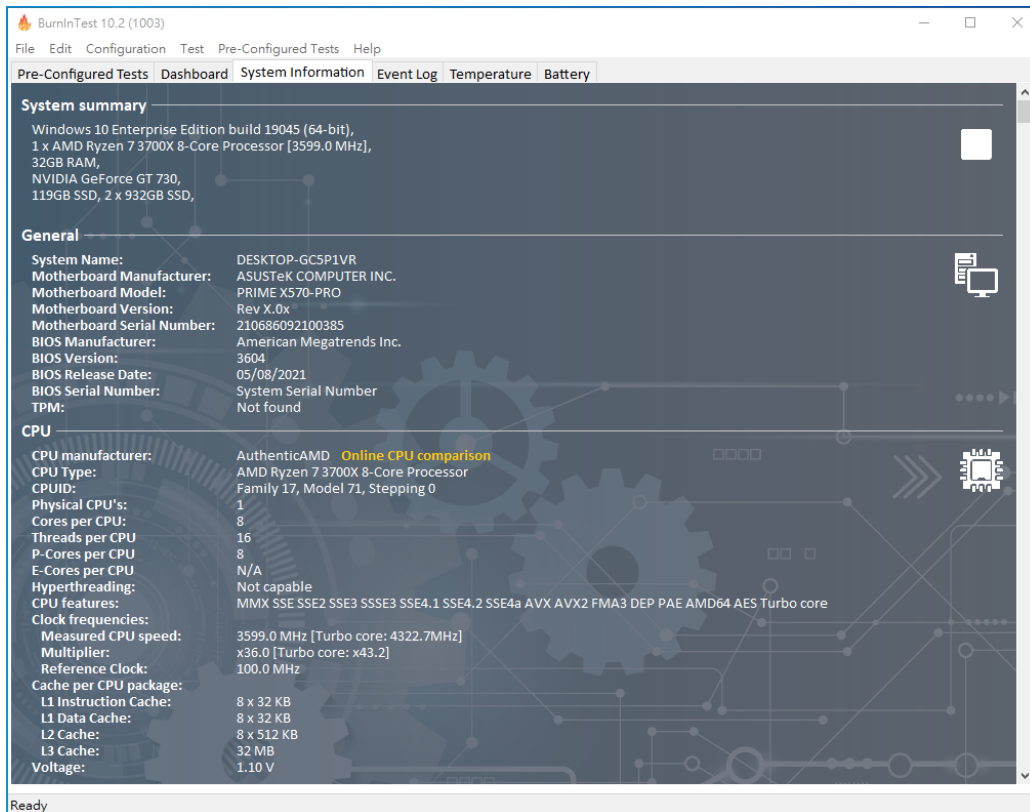


PCIe x8 Gen 4 with ReDriver to SFF-TA-1016 74P

3. Burn In Tests and Results

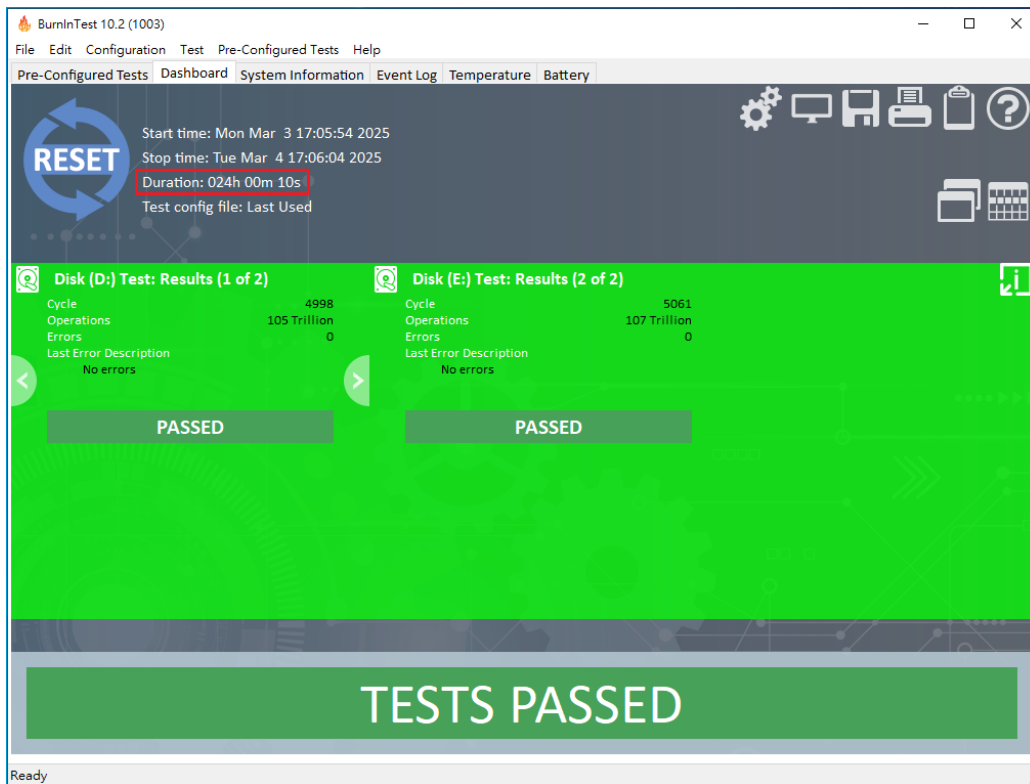
3.1 BurnInTest v10.2 Pro

3.1.1 System information as below:



PCIe x8 Gen 4 with ReDriver to SFF-TA-1016 74P

3.1.2 24-hour Burn-in test **PASSED**



4. Summary

- 4.1 M.2 NVMe SSD is PCIe Gen4 / 4 Lane Interface, I/O speed, max. to 64Gbps.
- 4.2 DP8414, I/O performance is based on M.2 NVMe SSD.